

THE JANESEVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

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NUMBER 87

STATE DEPT WARNS THE RUSSIAN BEAR TO BEWARE

Tart Statement Issued This Morning Shows Uncle Sam Does Not Like Russia's Present Diplomatic Falsifications.

DIPLOMATIC WASHINGTON DISTURBED

Scent Direct Defiance To Present Plans of Russia And Possibility Of a Break From Their Alliance.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)
Washington, July 2.—All Washington is agog with the tart statement issued by the state department this morning regarding the diplomatic relations with Russia bearing upon the Kishineff massacre in particular. All diplomatic circles are disturbed over the turn affairs have taken and believe it is a note of warning to Russia.

American Dislike
As interpreted in foreign circles that it is the first expression of American sentiment against the Russian methods which has increased steadily since the Pekin incident three summers ago. The Kishineff petition is merely regarded as an incident in the affair.

The Main Cause
The main cause appears to be the repeated contradictions made by Russia in its statements regarding the Manchurian problem. It is asserted that Russia not only knowingly falsified statements by word of mouth but also by official documents some of which the Russian minister was forced to retract.

End Came
Apparently the long suffering state department ended yesterday when Russia attempted to administer through semi-official sources an unfriendly warning to the United States to abstain from meddling in the kishineff trouble of her internal affairs.

Washington, July 2.—A statement has been made public from a semi-official Russian source that the petition of the American Jews to the czar will not be received.

An official statement has been made by Acting Secretary of State Loomis that the petition will be forwarded by the American government and that government cannot consider the refusal of the Russian government, as the statement is not directed to the state department.

The Russian statement is as follows:

Will Not Receive Petitions.
"The Russian government must categorically refuse to receive from any power any petition, representations, or communication relative to its internal policy."

There is a tone of indignation in the concluding portion of the statement which says:

"The Russian government most vori-

GERMANY'S CLAIMS AGAINST CUBA

EDUCATIONAL CENTER OF THE UNITED STATES

President Draper Declares That the University of Illinois Occupies That Exalted Position.

Albany, N. Y., July 2.—The University of Illinois was declared to be the educational center of the country, just as the state is the center of the country's great productivity, by President Andrew S. Draper of the University of Illinois at the annual state university convocation here.

"It is not for me to interpret what the West has to say," he continued. "I do not live in the West. I live in the center of things. There is another great side to the marvelous civilization of the West. You have little conception here in the East that the public high school is the most prominent of buildings in a Western village or city. You cannot appreciate the feelings of the Western people for their schools. In all moderation would I say it—that a Westerner has a far more general and a warmer feeling towards all kinds of educational work."

"The masses of the people of the West support the public high school. The educational sentiment of the West leads also to the willing support of the colleges and universities for all the people. Those universities of ours are the pride of the masses."

THIRD HOT DAY CLAIMS MANY VICTIMS IN CHICAGO

Humidity Is Great and Intense Suffering Is Reported Among the Poorer Classes.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)
Chicago, Ill., July 2.—The third hot day of the present wave broke with no prospect of its ceasing or becoming cooler. There is intense suffering among the poor and the humidity is great. Large numbers of increased deaths are reported in the congested districts.

DEATH LIST IS NOW LESS THAN WAS FIRST EXPECTED

Hanna Mine Disaster Now Reduces the Total Number of Dead to One Hundred and Sixty-seven.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)
Hanna, July 2.—The number of dead in the Hanna mine has now been reduced to 167. Only three bodies have been recovered. The horror of fire and incineration for miners below the seventh level has filled the town with deep gloom. It was fondly hoped all the bodies would be recovered.

CASTRO CAUSES MUCH ANXIETY

Expulsion of Frenchmen from Venezuela Is Considered Very Significant.

Paris, July 2.—It has been learned that M. Viallergo, a leading figure in the foreign colony at Caracas, Venezuela, has been expelled from the country by President Castro because he brought a claim of \$6,000 against the government for two months' imprisonment without any reason being given. The incident has created much excitement, as it is considered that it implies a policy of intimidation toward foreign claimants, and to avoid the consequences of the agreement signed at Washington.

WAR WARNING IS PUBLICLY GIVEN

Bulgarian Government Addresses a Note to Powers, Stating Emergencies Are Being Prepared For.

Vienna, July 2.—The Bulgarian government has addressed a note to the powers pointing out that Turkey, instead of co-operating for the pacification of Macedonia and other rebellious provinces, has been making matters worse by concentrating troops on the Bulgarian frontier, and that in view of the fact that the sultan has persisted in his policy, despite the protests of Bulgaria, the interior government feels that it is the duty of the principality to prepare for an emergency.

FREE TRADERS IN A UNION MEETING

They Will Inquire Into Chamberlain's Ideas on the Changing of the Present Tariffs.

London, July 2.—At a meeting of fifty free trade unionist ministers of parliament today, those present including Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, formerly chancellor of the exchequer; Lord Hugh Cecil and Austin Chamberlain, the postmaster general; Lord Hugh Cecil and Austin Chamberlain, the postmaster general; a resolution favoring an inquiry into Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's preferential tariff proposals was adopted. It was also declared that if they resulted in any departure from free trade it would be disastrous to the country.

ANOTHER TRIAL RACE IS HELD THIS AFTERNOON

Reliance Crossed the Line First, Constitution Second and Columbia Next.

(From Thursday's Daily.)
Newport, R. I., July 2.—The fourth of the trial races is being sailed this afternoon. The Reliance, as usual, crossed the line first, the Constitution second and the Columbia last. The wind is very good and fast time is expected.

When a short distance out of the harbor the Constitution was struck by a squall and disabled so badly that it had to be towed back to the harbor.

INDIANA HAS A TOUCH OF A CLOUDBURST NEAR PERU

Part of the Town Is Submerged Under Water and Much Damage Is Done.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)
Peru, Ind., July 2.—A cloudburst struck the northern portion of the city today. North Peru and Iglesias were entirely under water the rapid rise reaching six feet in many places. Many buildings were flooded badly.

STATE NOTES

All the book paper mills in Wisconsin will shut down on July 3 and remain closed ten days to reduce surplus stocks and prevent a drop in prices.

The graduating exercises of the Manitowoc county teachers' training school took place Tuesday evening, class of twenty-three receiving diplomas.

The new state forestry commission will hold its first meeting at Madison on July 3, when it will organize and perhaps elect a superintendent of state forests.

Gov. La Follette has left for Aberdeen, S. D., to deliver an address before a Chautauqua assembly. Before returning he will visit his brother at Chamberlain, S. D.

While fishing for trout in a little stream running into the St. Louis river near Superior Alex Resburg, a farmer, was taken with a fit, fell in, and was drowned.

Former Sheriff Sommers of Superior lost his case in the claim for four months' salary. Judge Smith decided against him on all points, but the case will go to the supreme court.

The towns of Center and Greenville in Outagamie county have adopted the Appleton plan and will within three days begin the slaughter of all unmuzzled dogs running at large.

The business men of Stoughton held a meeting and determined to raise the bonus of \$2,000 demanded by the American Cigar company to build a warehouse in that city.

The Kade Hygienic Soda Fountain company, manufacturing soda fountains for the last three years in Sheboygan, has been absorbed by the Carbonated Apparatus company of Buffalo, N. Y.

The business of education at Fond du Lac has postponed the letting of the contract for supplying the public schools with coal during the ensuing year, on account of the high prices asked by the dealers.

TOWER IS TO BE CALLED ON

The American Ambassador Must Make Apology to Emperor William for Insinuations.

PERSONAL HONOR

Germany's Ruler Resents the Charge of Visiting Karsarge for Any Utter Reason.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)

Berlin, July 2.—The Comenius society, one of the most influential educational associations of Germany, is at present making strong efforts to have the government open a bureau of education similar to the one conducted by the American government at Washington. A prominent member of the society after an extensive trip through the United States recently, said on his return that Germany, though she had always been convinced that she possessed the highest and most perfect school system in the world, could learn much from America.

WILL NOT CURB THE COTTON TRUST

England Declines to Support International Law to Prevent Gambling in Staples.

London, July 2.—Andrew Bonar Law, parliamentary secretary to the office of commerce, in reply to questions put to him in the house of commons this afternoon, said he had seen the newspaper reports regarding the so-called cotton trust. Replying to requests, he declined to confer with President Roosevelt or to suggest a conference of the various governments with a view to the introduction of international legislation for the control of gambling in such products.

Must Apologize

It is understood that Ambassador Tower will be called upon for an apology for the insult and that he will be expected to officially make public the statement contradicting the statement published.

TAKES UP THE CANAL TREATY

The Colombian Senate Now Has the Matter Under Its Advice.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)

Bogota, July 2.—The minister of foreign affairs attended a secret session of the senate yesterday and read to that body the diplomatic correspondence relative to the Panama canal. The following committee on foreign relations has been appointed by the senate: Seniors Joaquin F. Velez, Jose Gonzales Valenciano, Antonio Gomez Restrefel, Jose Rivas Groot. The house has appointed a canal committee of nine, consisting of one member from each department. The house has decided by a vote of 36 to 3 that the present session of congress shall be regarded as extraordinary. General Rafael Uribe Uribe has issued a statement in which he pledges his word that he will not promote any more revolutions.

KAISER'S BOAT LOST THE RACE

Emperor William Was Beaten in the Recent Race of Kiel Harbor.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)

Kiel, July 2.—In the handicap yacht races from Eckernfoerde to Kiel yesterday the Navahowas was the first to cross the finishing line, followed by the Orion. The Therese was third and the Commodore fourth. In the schooner class the Hamburg beat the Meteor, sailed by Emperor William, by one and one-half minutes. A strong, gusty northwest wind was blowing.

The official awards were as follows: The Empress Iduna won the cruising schooners race, on time allowance; the Adela was second, on time allowance, and the Hamburg was third. The Meteor which allowed the Iduna forty minutes, was not officially placed in the race.

EDWARD SENDS A DIPLOMATIC MESSAGE TO KING PETER

Tells Him He Hopes He Will Bring Peace, Order and Justice to His New Kingdom.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Belgrade, July 2.—King Edward in answer to King Peter's announcement of his accession to the throne sent a diplomatic notice which he hoped Peter would bring peace, order and justice to Servia.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

One negro has been killed by a mob at Norway, S. C., and four have been beaten into insensibility.

Professor Arthur Johnstone of New York has been awarded a gold medal by the Society of Cincinnati for writing new music for "America."

A joint committee of Congregationalists, Methodists, Protestants and United Brethren at Pittsburg has agreed on a plan for the union of the three churches.

Rev. Fillingham, rector of Hexton, England, has sailed abroad from New York. He expressed satisfaction with the beginning of the ritualistic war in this country.

Rabbis in session at Detroit have had a hot debate on the question of Sunday services, which is frankly referred back to the commission for further action.

Marshall Field, before sailing for Europe, discussed the business situation, with special reference to the west. He said that the chief danger comes from organized labor and described the situation as precarious.

The Iowa republican convention has adopted the Allison tariff plank, a declaration more conservative than the "Iowa idea." Gov. Cummins and other state officials with one exception were renominated.

Three bathing beaches on the lake front at Chicago have been opened. Yesterday, ten thousand people enjoyed a swim.

Announcement has been made that

Russia will not receive any communication or petition relating to the Kishineff massacres.

The schooner Meteor, sailed by Emperor William, has been beaten by the Hamburg in the race from Eckernfoerde to Kiel.

Free trade unionists of the house of commons have decided to make inquiry into the preferential tariff proposals of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain.

The house of commons has made rapid progress with the Irish land bill, both sides having pushed the

GERMANS FAVOR OUR EDUCATION

Will Establish Schools on the Same Plan Throughout Germany.

Berlin, July 2.—The Comenius society, one of the most influential educational associations of Germany, is at present making strong efforts to have the government open a bureau of education similar to the one conducted by the American government at Washington. A prominent member of the society after an extensive trip through the United States recently, said on his return that Germany, though she had always been convinced that she possessed the highest and most perfect school system in the world, could learn much from America.

GERMANY LEADS THE AUTO. RACE

Five Hundred Thousand Persons Are Along the Route of International Contest.

THREE ACCIDENTS

Course Is Carefully Guarded the Whole Three Hundred and Seventy-one Miles.

(Special By Scripps-McClellan.)

Ballyspinn, Ireland, July 2.—The great international automobile race started this morning at seven o'clock. The day was ideal for the race and the course of three hundred and seventy-one miles was well lined by the half million spectators present. The race is between four teams of three men, each, representing Germany, France, England and America.

The Order Of Start

Edge, holder of the cup, English; DeKniff, French; Owen, American; Genatz, German; Jarrett, English; Gabriel, French; Mooers, American; Decartes, German; Stocks, English; Fremien, French; Winton, American; Fox Hall Keene, German. All obtained a good start except Mooers and Winton. Mooers lost several seconds through excitement, and Winton lost forty minutes through an accident to his carburetor.

First Accidents

The first fall by the wayside was Stocks, English, who ran into a wire fence and had his wheel smashed. Following this Jarrett, English, lost control of his machine and it was completely smashed, and he injured badly. Stocks, the other English rider, was also badly injured in a smashup.

Good Precautions

Elaborate precautions have been taken all along the course to keep the spectators from blocking the road and five thousand police and soldiers are stationed to guard against accidents.

Germany Leads

At one o'clock with the race half over, Genatz, German, led by a minute. DeKniff, Frenchman, second, the others scattered. Edge, the present holder of the cup, is practically out of the race. All three Americans are in the rear. Keene gave up the race before starting the second round.

Genatz Wins

Genatz finished first and defeated his nearest competitor, DeKniff, by ten minutes. Genatz is a German and the other man French.

NORMAL REGENTS ELECT OFFICERS

They Met at Madison Today, and Formed Their Organization.

(Special To The Gazette.)

Madison, Wis., July 2.—F. H. Ford, River Falls, elected president of the state board of normal regents today, to succeed F. A. Ross, Superior, who declined re-election. Senator Z. P. Beach, Whitewater, elected vice-president. Major S. S. Rockwood, Portage, re-elected secretary, receiving six votes; Gerhardt Willrich, Milwaukee, three; J. A. Donnelly two.

W. H. Comeford, Superior, was appointed to clerkship in secretary of state's office.

RUSSIA PLANS POLICE FORCE

Will Expend Over Five Millions To Keep Peace in the Pro

HAS MEMORABLE SIGNIFICANCE

GREAT HISTORY WRAPPED UP IN THE DAY.

FOURTH IS TOO DANGEROUS

Youngster of Today Seeks for Fire Cracker of Cannon—Like Proportions.

One hundred and twenty-seven years ago day after tomorrow, the Continental Congress assembled at Philadelphia, declared this country free and independent from the rule of Great Britain. There were then thirteen states bordering along the sea coast of the Atlantic. Thirteen little states with less than three million inhabitants who dared to throw down the gage of battle at England and declare that taxation, without representation was tyranny. It was a memorable day in Philadelphia, that Fourth of July 1776. The streets were crowded with men and women. The quiet old Quaker city teemed with excitement. "Will they do it?" "Dare they do it?" It was a crucial moment in the history of the world. Behind the locked doors of the old Independence hall sat the learned men of the then colonies. Men who had weighed and measured all the existing conditions and probable results.

Can you imagine the excitement that broke forth when the little boy ran from the door of the hall and called to his grandfather in the belfry: "Ring, Grandpa, Ring!" Such a ringing. Never had a bell sounded such tidings to the world at large. Never before had a brazen tongue meant so much to so many people. Here, a hundred and twenty-seven years afterwards the echo of that bell had not been stilled. From the shores of the Atlantic to the sweeping coast of the Pacific, yes, far out into the waste of water of that great ocean, that one peal of a bell has meant liberty to thousands. Liberty and a home in the land of the free and the brave.

Decisive Wars

The United States has not had the smoothest of sailing. The ship or state launched at that momentous moment has been tossed on the wave of adversity many times. Four times since then has bloody war stalked through the country, spreading desolation and sorrow. Yet that flag whose birth was really given in that assembly hall of Philadelphia still waves and its stars have lost none of the lustre of the original thirteen that first decked its field of blue. One star for each state admitted has been added to the blue field but the thirteen bars of red and white still remain the same. Thirteen bars that represent the thirteen states who dared to declare their rights, not only for themselves, but for posterity.

The day today does not seem to mean as much as it did a hundred years ago. Then the day was kept with religious solemnity. The declaration was read by the village squire. The salute of thirteen guns was fired at sunrise and enthusiastic youngsters always managed to steal an anvil from a neighboring blacksmith shop and fire it off just to let the citizens know that young America appreciated the day.

The Bloody Fourth

Some ways the boys of today do not seem to have all the fun they used to have out of the Fourth. The ringing of the meetinghouse bell at sharp midnight, the bonfires on the common, the parades, when all the militia for miles around turned out and were paraded by the militia officer of the district, the climbing of the greased pole, the chasing of the greased pig and all the sports of Young America of a century ago have given way to fixed affairs, to races where money is won and lost, to village celebrations where the street fair and confidence men reap a harvest.

Fire crackers are too cheap these days; too cheap and too dangerous. The small boy of today is not content with hearing a cannon go off. He wants to fire one himself. He wants to have one big cracker that will sound as if all creation had broken loose if he does not have anything else, and on every stand just a cracker is to be had—great big dangerous things, that come from the heathen China country, or made right here in America, that can out-pulse any noise made by the boy of a century ago.

Accidents and bad fires are the usual result of the Fourth. The list of the dead and wounded in celebrating their country's natal day on July 4th will as usual probably be large. Every little village and hamlet will contribute its share of victims who are minus a finger, or have lost their hair and eyebrows bending over a cracker that did not go off. Toy pistols will also claim their share of the list of the injured and dead, and then the country will settle down to the one hundred and twenty-eighth year of its liberty.

Real Estate Transfers

Jas. M. Conway & Wife to Hanson Bublitz \$275.00 part of sec 9 t4 r12 Edg Vol 163dd.

Jas. C. Conway & Wife to St. John's congregation Edgerton \$1.00 part of lot 17 block 14 Swift's Add Edgerton Vol 163dd.

John M. Whitehead to Geo. W. Garlock \$1800 lot 157 Pease's 2nd Add Patrick Gagan to D. Burton Kellogg \$7000.00 w^{1/2} of sw^{1/2} of sec 33 t3 r12 Vol 163dd.

Frances Preston to Paul Babler \$150.00 lot 10 block 2 Twin Oaks Add Beloit Vol 163dd.

Stockholders' Meeting

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New Gas Light company of Janesville, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the company's office in Janesville, Wisconsin, on Monday, July 6, 1903, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

LOUISE MERRILL, Secretary.

RECEIVED OFFER TO SELL MONEY

Chicago Parties Write Janesville Man, Making Prices on Green Goods—Didn't Bite.

The old saying that a fresh fool is born every minute is verified day after day. Whether Janesville men are considered easy or not remains to be seen, but it is certainly evident that the eastern sharks who look for easy marks have picked out some names from an old directory and have sent flattering offers for them to become rich at a very small expense to their pocket books—Just a simple method of paying a few of Uncle Sam's good dollars for several thousand worthless bills that are but poor imitations of the genuine article when it comes down to inspection.

Green Goods

Green Goods men work in peculiar ways. They send out a blind circular telling all the means and the easy methods of becoming rich without any labor at all. They offer to their proposed victim bills that cannot be detected from the genuine exchange for good bills fresh from Uncle Sam's mints. The rates usually offered are liberal. \$3,000 for \$500, \$5,000 for \$750, \$8,000 for \$1,000 and twenty thousand for \$2,000 and so on. The victims are warned to write but to telegraph to some address which differs in each letter sent out. It is a simple wording "send list of prices" and then sign your own name.

The Meeting

Then will come an engagement for a meeting. The proposed victim will be told to go to some city, and to a certain place. Without his knowledge he will be carefully inspected by capper. If he looks all right, he will be conducted to some sky parlor where the deal is actually made. He will turn over his good money for the worthless paper that would not pass a China man, and will be ushered out a back way as carefully as he was ushered in the front. If he is unusually bright and complains about the bad looks of the goods given he will be given good money, but it is a certainty that he will not arrive at home with it. His grip will be stolen, his pocket picked or some accident will happen.

Same Old Game

It is the same old game that has been played so often that one would think the public would become wise at last, but they never do. The Janesville gentleman who received the last request merely smiled and said that every year, he supposed the same district was canvassed with the same flattering offer of riches galore, which never materialize.

WERE MARRIED BY MUNICIPAL JUDGE

Judge C. L. Fife Made Couple from Widely Separate States Husband and Wife.

Residents of Iowa and Michigan met on neutral territory here yesterday afternoon, and through the power vested in Municipal Judge Fife were enabled to become man and wife. They were Calvin C. Adams of Waterloo, Ia., and Mabel Shurtliff of Jackson, Mich.

When they secured a license from County Clerk Starr they did so believing that it would be possible to married without further delay, but on learning of the five days' wait required under the present Wisconsin law they appealed to Judge Fife for aid.

The Judge was willing to perform the ceremony, and accordingly did so. The newly married couple remained barely long enough after the ceremony to show their gratitude upon his honor and departed from the city on the first train.

Syphers-Davidson

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Achterberg, Miss Beulah Syphers and Joseph Davidson, both of Chicago, were wedded Tuesday evening. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Robert C. Denison in the presence of a few friends. Mr. Davidson is a brother of Mrs. Achterberg.

RESIGNS OFFICE AFTER LONG WORK

Mr. Merrill Is No Longer Connected with the Children's Home Society.

The Rev. Charles D. Merrill, district superintendent of the children's home society of Wisconsin, in accordance with his notice to the directors a year ago, has resigned his office, and ended his connection with the society Wednesday. For more than seven years Mr. Merrill has championed the cause of destitute children in this state with faithfulness and efficiency, has settled several hundreds of homeless youngsters in families, and has collected many thousands of dollars for their aid. He has spent twenty-eight years in the study of the practical questions concerning the care of children in this country as well as in several journeys to Europe and the Orient, the last as a delegate to the international conference of charities at the Paris exposition of 1900.

Stores Close July 4th

We, the undersigned, agree to keep our stores open Friday evening, July 3, and to close at 12 o'clock on Saturday, July 4th:

Brown Bros.

Amos Rehberg & Co.

Maynard Shoe Co.

King & Cowles.

D. J. Luby & Co.

J. L. Ford & Son.

J. T. Ziegler Clothing Co.

R. M. Bostwick.

C. F. Achterberg.

S. D. Grubh.

John J. Pecher.

Frank H. Bauck.

Golden Eagle.

THIRD WARDER IS NOW ON RECORD

Agrees with the "Dog Owner" on the Dog License Question.

To the Editor:

From time to time I have seen articles in the Gazette signed Dog Owner. The general sentiment expressed by the writer is that dogs should be taxed. Personally it did not interest me. I have no dog and do not usually notice them in passing. However, an experience I recently had has made me a firm convert to the Dog Owner's theory and I would like to add my voice to the imposing of such a tax.

It was only by a narrow margin that I am not a victim of a serious bite and had the snappy canine that attacked me not been frightened away I should have been severely injured. Now I am ready to urge the dog tax. Friends of mine, who own good dogs, tell me that a full-blooded dog is very seldom ugly. That the finer the dog is bred the more gentle it is and easy to handle. With this in mind I counted the dogs in the neighborhood of the Grand hotel last evening and watched points to see if any were full blooded animals.

The Myers house corner had by far the best of it. It would seem as if every dog in town was concentrated at this corner—bulldogs, black dogs, collies and spaniels. I noticed that the spaniels showed the best marks of breeding and that they did not chase after horses and snap at passersby. One little black dog, however, was very diligent in his work and not another dog or horse going at a fair rate escaped his notice and his yelping bark. I even saw him attack an inoffensive little puppy that was following a lady and roll the poor little thing in to the street, between horses' feet and in the way of pedestrians. He also snapped at me as I tried to drive him off his victim. Such a dog is dangerous.

With a license imposed it is probable that an animal like this would not be allowed to live as his value could surely not be the dollar which such a fine would impose on his life.

In this same line of thought I would like to call attention to the following law passed by the last legislature which may have escaped the eyes of many. It may be of value to persons who live in neighborhoods where ugly dogs are found.

Chapter 328

An act to amend section 1619 of the statutes of 1898, authorizing the killing of dogs under certain circumstances.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1619 of the statutes of 1898 is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 1619. Any person may kill any dog, that he knows is affected with the disease known as hydrocephalus, or that may suddenly assault him while he is peacefully walking or riding and while being out of the enclosure or immediate care of its owner or keeper, and may kill any dog before its return to the enclosure or immediate care of its owner or keeper, which shall be found killing, wounding or worrying any horses, cattle, sheep, lambs, or other domestic animals.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 20, 1903.

THIRD WARDER

DOINGS AT THE RAILWAY CENTER

Persons of Employes in the Local Yards and Along the Line.

Large quantities of beer are being shipped from this city to Beloit, for celebrating the glorious fourth. From the amount already sent out it looks as though Ringlings' elephants might be going to have a hand in the festivities—so the freight people say.

This is the quiet season down at the freight yards. Harvesting machinery and early summer supplies have mostly gone through and business will be rather dull until harvest time and when fall merchandise is shipped.

A movement has been started to close the St. Paul and North-Western freight offices in this city at five o'clock instead of quitting at six in the afternoon as heretofore.

Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie have voted for an addition of \$2,000,000 to the capital stock, thus making the entire stock \$10,000,000.

The La Salle street station in Chicago will be opened July 12 and will be used by the Rock Island, Lake Shore and Nickel Plate systems.

Thos. Howe, machinist at the St. Paul roundhouse, leaves today for a two weeks' visit to his home near Kansas City.

Engineer John Murphy has gone to Rockford to relieve one of the engineers stationed there.

Conductor James Niland of the North-Western road is off duty for a few days.

J. Horen, conductor on the St. Paul line, will take Mr. Niland's run on the Fond du Lac stock train.

Engineer Charles Ridell of the C. & N. W. line, reported for work this morning.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern has made a reduction in rates on merchandise.

FINE WEATHER FOR THE CORN

FARMERS OF COUNTY ARE HAPPY OVER CONDITIONS.

WEEDS HAVE GOOD GROWTH

June Frosts Affected Rye, in Sections—Hay Cutting in Progress During Warm Days.

This is corn weather—good genuine corn growing weather and from all parts of the county comes word that crops never looked better and everything is coming along in the best possible shape. Wheat crops promise well, hay is being cut and the yield of barley and rye will point to banner harvests from one end of the county to the other. The warm days and nights have left their mark on the growing crops and even the garden vegetables all seem to have sprung up way beyond the expectations of even the farmers themselves.

Weeds Kept Down

It has been a hard time for farmers this spring thus far as the weeds have kept. If anything ahead of the corn and small grains. Wet weather always insures a good crop of weeds even if the food stuffs are killed down and this spring has been no exception to the rule. Corn, however, looks very healthy throughout the county and reports from different portions show that the majority of the farmers have kept ahead of the weeds.

Rye Not So Good

While rye is well up and heading out well the June frosts did not do it any too much amount of good. Winter wheat has rapidly headed out and is about ready to cut next week. It is thought that some farmers, at least, will have fields that are ready for the mower by that time and they expect that the yield will be large. The straw will be good at any rate if the present indications count for anything.

Spring Cereals

Generally speaking the spring plantings are doing very well. Wheat, oats and barley planted this spring all point to a good crop. They need rain during the next four weeks at suitable times but could stand a drought of a week without showing any great depreciation of the final yield. Rock county has been fortunate in this respect and is better off than either Dane or the Wisconsin valley counties if reports are true.

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Approved May 20, 1903.

THIRD WARDER

WAS JERKED FROM TOP OF A BOX CAR

Milwaukee Road Switchman Hangs Feet Over Side of Car and Meets with Obstruction.

While seated on the top of a box car, dangling his legs over the side, Willis W. Taylor, a Milwaukee road switchman, was last night jerked from his seat to the ground and had his head bruised.

Another car on an adjoining siding was so close that there was not space for his legs to pass, and he was pulled down. His legs were badly skinned in the operation, and it was a narrow escape from more serious injuries. He will probably be confined for a week.

INSTALLED NEW OFFICERS

Wisconsin Lodge of Odd Fellows Held Ceremonies Last Evening.</p

Lee's High Tide at Gettysburg

A Fortieth Anniversary War Story
July 2-3, 1863

(Copyright, 1903, by G. L. Kilmer.)

GOOD general should know when he is whipped. Lee was a good general. On the morning of July 2, 1863, he climbed into the belfry of the seminary on the outskirts of Gettysburg to study the enemy's position and plan the next move. Around him and away to the north was the battle field where the day before his troops under Hill and Ewell had driven the Federal divisions of Reynolds and Howard from ridge to ridge and from knoll to knoll—a fierce struggle, with glory in it for both sides, but victory for his own banners. The blue had been whipped, not the gray. But an army may be whipped and yet not conquered. From the belfry Lee saw Cemetery hill looming in front of him, packed with Federal troops and bristling with Federal cannon. To his mind the enemy had been driven to that height as a refuge from pursuing foes. That was true. The Federals had mounted the nearest rock at hand in order to escape the rising flood, because they had no boats. Let the boats come and they would hasten aboard for fear the waters might rise and engulf the rock and them with it. Lee determined to keep the boats away and cause the waters to mount higher.

This description is of course figurative. The threatening waves were Lee's armed battalions and the boats open roads for re-enforcements and supplies or safe retreat. Cemetery hill forms part of a long ridge shaped like a letter J. The hill is at the curve and is topped by Culp's hill, the point of the curve, and that again by Little Round Top, the head of the long staff. Ewell's corps had fought its way to the base of Culp's hill on July 1, and Hill's corps to the base of Cemetery hill. Longstreet came to the front during the night with two divisions of his corps that had missed the battle of the first day. It looked easy for Lee to destroy the Federals upon Cemetery hill by rushing his battalions to the crests of Culp's hill and Little Round Top and from there hurl death upon all the ridge between.

The Federals had planted a weak line upon Culp's hill, but had overlooked Little Round Top as an element of danger. Lee gave to Longstreet the task of seizing Round Top and to Ewell that of fighting his way to the crest of Culp's hill, while Hill's corps stood facing Cemetery hill ready for the final spring. This story has been thrashed over in print countless times since 1863, but there are countless readers on this fortieth anniversary of the great battle who still wonder why Lee fought at all on July 2 and 3, when military writers make it clear that he was whipped before he fired a shot.

The interest beginner in war quickly learns that the fighter on the highest ground has the advantage, the same as the duelist who has his back to the sun. The soldiers below must waste breath and energy in climbing to get at the foe. Longstreet stealthily deployed his troops parallel with the ridge lying between Cemetery hill and Round Top until Lee's line of battle extended from the foot of Culp's hill almost to the base of Round Top on its south and west faces.

While Longstreet marched on his long detour the Federal corps of Sickles projected itself like a blunt wedge into the plain west and northwest of Round Top. It got in Longstreet's way. Longstreet wanted to keep his troops together and mass them for the grand rush on Round Top. He fell upon Sickles, and Sickles stood his ground for hours until the results of the sudden battle had changed the whole face of things, as Lee saw it that morning from the belfry.

The opening gun of Longstreet was a signal for Ewell to get to work at the other end of the field. His troops dashed half way up the slope of Cemetery hill on the north face, and while part of the Federal occupants of Culp's hill left their places to help Sickles out of his plight, also to help defend Cemetery hill, one of his divisions broke through the line and planted its flag there. The tide was rising. Only a single road led from the heights by which the Federals could escape if defeated in their attempt to defend them. Should Ewell succeed in capturing a few cannon on Culp's hill and turn them against their former owners he could raze that road with shells on one side, and Longstreet, if he carried his guns up Round Top, could raze it on the other.

Meanwhile Federal troops began to move southward along the connecting ridge to help Sickles in his fight and save Round Top from Longstreet's grasp. Lee must help his old war horse in that uphill fight. He threw out a division from Hill's idle corps to dash for the center of the long ridge and cut the Federal army in two, leaving Sickles in a hopeless tangle and Round Top at the mercy of Longstreet. A charge of a single regiment of bluecoats, the First Minnesota, numbering but 262 men, was made down the slope, striking the center of the charging division. The Minnesotans were annihilated, but they held up the Confederate charge until their own reserves closed in behind them, and the center of the ridge was saved.

And now for Round Top. Sickles' line was smashed. He had kept Longstreet from Round Top for over two hours. There was one man—just one in the army of the Potomac—looking out for Round Top. That man was a host in himself—General G. K. Warren, the engineer of the Federal army. Warren had climbed the mountain peak just to see how much there was of Longstreet, what he had back of him and what he was trying to do in his sudden attack on Sickles. From the hill he looked over the battle field at its base and saw Confederate troops marching along the edge of the field, ignoring the fighting all around them and heading for Round Top. He knew then what Lee had divined hours before—that the masters of Round Top were to be the masters of Gettysburg.

Hurrying down the mountain, without waiting for orders from his chief Warren halted the battery which he met galloping to the front to aid Sickles in a fight already lost. Pointing out the hill to the captain of the battery, he ordered him to drag his guns up there and open fire on Longstreet's marching troops. Just then General Weed came riding up in the wake of the battery at the head of his brigade, which was going double quick into the whirlpool of Sickles' hopeless fight. Warren directed him to march his men to the summit and defend the guns. The battery reached the summit of Round Top just as Longstreet's skirmishers struck the last stretch of the climb on the other side.

The leader of the battery, Captain Hazlett, was shot down the moment he showed himself on the rocky crest. Weed followed him up the hill and also followed him to death. Longstreet's men were swarming halfway up the hill, but though the Confederate tide was rising the Federals were still on top. Hazlett's guns and Weed's rifles poured shells and bullets down upon the Confederates below, and the hill was saved. During the night the Federal troops who had deserted Culp's hill to its fate and hurried to Sickles' aid returned and next morning drove Ewell's men from the heights. So on the morning of the third day Lee saw his foe still unconquered in spite of a second whipping in battle.

Some reviewers of the generalship at Gettysburg insist that Lee was rea-



ly whipped when daylight of July 2 revealed to him the Federal line established on the crests of Cemetery ridge and Culp's hill, and nearly all of them agree that he was certainly whipped when Warren seized upon Little Round Top. But Lee thought otherwise. While giving directions to his generals on the morning of July 3 to hurl a column of 15,000 men against the Federal center under Hancock he found them lacking in enthusiasm, doubting the wisdom of further sacrifice. Shaking his fist at Hancock's bivouacs along the crest, he exclaimed, "They are there, and we must get them!"

Perhaps he had a fighting chance. There was only one move left for the Federal commander if Lee kept up his aggressive flight—namely, retreat by the single road passing along the east slope behind Hancock's line. If Pickett's fresh column could storm those heights and turn their guns upon that road, a feat like Marshal Soult's assault on the heights of Austerlitz, which gave Napoleon his dazzling victory, Meade's army would be cut in two.

And Pickett almost succeeded. His Virginians and the Tennesseans who marched with him almost gained the crest, gallantly closing the gaps made in their ranks by Hancock's shells. A thousand fell where Kemper led. A thousand died where Garnett bled, in blinding flame and strangled smoke. A remnant through the batteries broke and crossed the works with Armistead.

But they got no farther. That was high tide at Gettysburg. At last Lee knew he was whipped, and he said to the heroes who excused themselves for failure, "It was all my fault."

GEORGE L. KILMER.

THE CITY OF CAIRO

SIGHTS STRANGE TO EYES OF WESTERN TRAVELERS.

Life There Always a Holiday, and the Mecca of the Pleasure Seeker—Popular Hotel Requested by the Most Aristocratic of the Tourists.

(Special Correspondence.)

Although it is only a four hours' ride from Alexandria to the Egyptian capital by the Cairo express, and the route lies through the most attractive and fertile part of the Nile delta, a very large number of travelers prefer to go by sea to Port Said, and thence down the Suez canal to Ismailiya, taking train at that point for Cairo. This course has much to recommend it, as the sightseer thereby visits Port Said, sees the canal, learns what a desert is like in the ride from Ismailiya to Iz-Zaqqalq, and sees a great deal of the delta country from there on to his destination.

Never was a town laid out in so precise a pattern as Ismailiya, the little half-way stopping place on the Suez canal. A broad road, lined with trees that look as though they had come out of a child's Noah's ark and then grown up a little, leads up from the landing place on the lake, across the fresh water canal to the Quai Mehemet Ali, a broad avenue, bordered on one side by the canal and on the other by the houses of the principal inhabitants.

Around Ismailiya lies the white desert, reclaimed only in this small spot by the ingenuity of man. And when one sees the wonderful luxuriance of the floral and vegetable growth wherever a regular supply of water has been distributed in the desert, it seems an unfortunate thing that all the vast wastes of Africa should not be made to blossom; all their astonishing fertility now lost and hidden by some strange trick of nature.

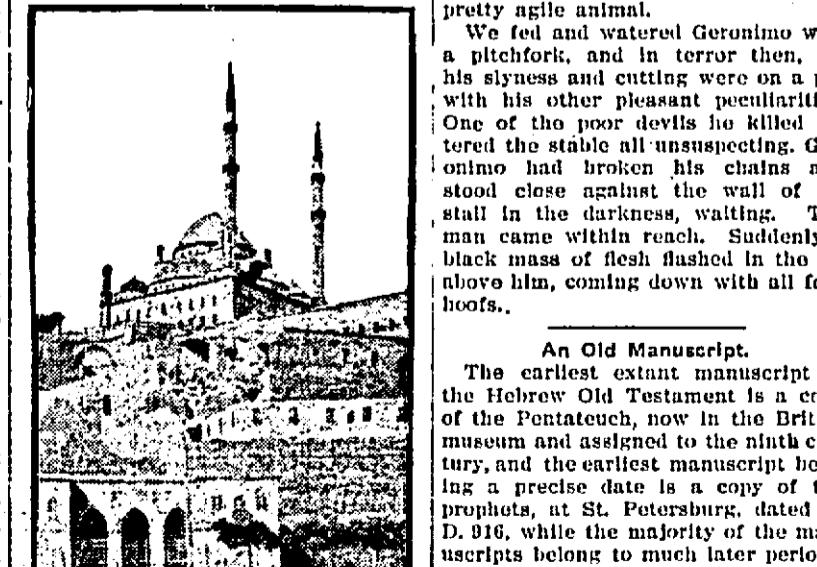
Cairo is not a holy city, but life there is a holiday and it is the Mecca of the pleasure seeker. Every year the number of fashionable and wealthy people from all over the world who gravitate to the Egyptian capital increases, for Cairo is Trouville, Saratoga, Monte Carlo and the Riviera rolled into one, with no end of special attractions of its own in which the seductions of the East reaches its greatest subtlety.

Officially, the khedive of Egypt and the British government administer the country, but in the city of Cairo King Carnival holds open court the year round, and there is none, excepting a few missionaries, to dispute his sway. During the six months of the Egyptian winter thousands upon thousands of European and Anglo-Saxon visitors throng the hotels and pensions with which the city is now crowded; many of them, indeed, in search of the health which the bland and even climate promises, very much the greater part of them on pleasure bent, and, as our Youngest put it, "at the end of the season so badly bent that they are almost broke."

Cairo is a city of so many and such diverse attractions, architectural, historical and social, that the limits of this article prevent any more than a cursory glance at the chief features of interest to strangers.

Most of the important hotels and the principal public buildings face the gardens or are near at hand. The New hotel is on the west side, the Hotel d'Orient on the northeast; Shepheard's, with its splendid verandas and fine cafe, the Continental—the Waldorf-Astoria of Cairo—and the Angleterre, are all within sight or easy reaching distance.

From the encircling streets radiate to every part of Cairo well cared for avenues, those in the adjacent Ismailiya quarter being especially fine, broad, with the footpath bordered by shade trees. In this quarter are many private residences of considerable pretension, with charming gardens filled with a profusion of tropical flowers. About a half-mile south of the Esbekia is Abdin square, in front of the



The Citadel, khedive's palace, where military reviews sometimes take place. In all the quarters of the interior of the city the streets are very narrow, the houses appearing to fall toward each other by reason of the strange mode of building each story overhanging the lower story a few feet, until, where there are three or four floors, the topmost balconies and windows are separated by only a few feet. The object of this method of construction seems to be that of coolness, and in many of the old parts of the town the sun can hardly penetrate the dingy narrowness of the streets, except when directly overhead.

Because we had attended to it two months in advance of our arrival in Cairo, there were rooms waiting for us at Shepheard's. This famous old hostelry is still, in all essential respects, the most comfortable and attractive hotel in the city, in spite of the fact that there are numerous other hotels of great size and modern appointments that are even superior in some points of elegance to Shepheard's, as it will always be called in spite of the fact that it is no longer Shepheard's, and another name is on the stationery in the writing room and in the bottom of the soup plates.

Hotels have their associations as well as homes, and in reality this fine old place, both by situation and traditions, is satisfying in every way. The atmosphere of Shepheard's is good-humored, well bred, cosmopolitan,

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Lace Hose.

ON THURSDAY MORNING we place on sale one case, 80 doz. Ladies' Fine Fast Black Lisle Gauze Stripe Hose at

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These Hose would be cheap at 25 cents but we have bought them so we can afford to sell them at 19 cents and instead of getting a big profit at 25 cents, we propose to give our customers the benefit of the purchase and let them go at 19 cents. We find our friends appreciate the efforts we are making to give them good bargains—it does them good and it does us good—and this offer of Lace Hose at 19c is one of the best offers we have made you this season.

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There are thousands of acres of rich agricultural lands, not yet under cultivation, along the line of

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Mohair Garments A Necessity.

Separate Skirts Essential to Complete Summer Wardrobe.

The separate skirts of mohair are among the garments essential to the correct summer wardrobe. White is pronouncedly washable. To be correct, it must be walking length. Blue of the marine and navy shades narrow stripes and black, the rich lustrous black are the colors most favored for traveling and general utility purposes.

NOTE.—The above is taken from a late issue of the New York publication, The Dry Goods Economist, an authority on fashions. The new store shows a very large line of these popular skirts at \$5, \$8, \$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$17.50 and \$20.

PEEK-A-BOO WAISTS

PEEK-A-BOO WAISTS

BLACK LAWN WAISTS

Sizes 32 to 44, solid tucked front, special value at \$1.00; others in black up to \$3.00.

SATISFACTORY SUITS

Before you start on your vacation trip step in and see how reasonable you can buy a tailored suit, and one that you know is of this season's make. \$7.50, \$10 and \$12.50 for some that are great value. A few separate black cloth Blouses left; were \$6.50 and \$7.50, now at \$5.00.

Read Our Want Ads.

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WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST



Clear tonight and tomorrow.

NO QUARTER FOR THE OFFENDER

President Roosevelt's letter to Attorney General Knox and the action which the latter has taken upon it, shows that no quarter will be given to the offenders in the postal irregularities. "There can be no greater offense against the government than a breach of trust on the part of a public official or the dishonest management of his office, and, of course, every effort must be exerted to bring such offenders to punishment by the utmost rigors of the law." The President suggested that the Attorney General appoint some special assistants to aid in meting out justice to the wrongdoers, and that action has been promptly taken.

The special counsel who have been selected—Charles G. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, and Holmes Conrad, a former solicitor general—are men, who are eminent in their calling, and may be relied on to render effective service to the government in this exigency. Mr. Bonaparte has made a high reputation through his ability as a lawyer, his public spirit, and his civic courage. Mr. Conrad is also well remembered for his legal skill. With the incentive which has been furnished them by the president's precept and example, these gentlemen as well as their official associates of the administrations own corps of lawyers will do the work which will win the plaudits of the country.

President Roosevelt's action will please his fellow citizens of all partisan faiths and will be especially agreeable to the republicans. It was the hope of some of the Democratic politicians that their party would make a good deal of capital out of the postal scandals, but they never had the faintest ground for the notion. The Republican party has always been prompt to reveal and to punish any wrongdoing in the government while it is in control. President Roosevelt would naturally be especially zealous in prosecuting a work of this sort. Of course, he has a direct and personal reason for zeal in the present case, as an important canvass is near at hand, and his political opponents are unscrupulous and desperate. But his opponents will make nothing out of the scandals. The offenders will be so fearlessly exposed and so rigorously punished that all the political advantage which can possibly come from the affair, if any does come, will be gained by the republican party.

GROWING POWER

The growth in the consuming power of the United States in this period of business activity is illustrated by the figures in the Treasury Bureau of Statistics showing the importations and exportations by great groups during the eleven months, ending with May, 1903. These figures show that while the exportation of manufactures has increased only two million dollars as compared with the corresponding months of last year, the importation of manufactured materials has increased 66 million dollars as compared with the same months of 1902, and 131 millions as compared with the corresponding months of 1901. As it can scarcely be presumed that the manufacturers of the country are importing in excess of their present or immediately prospective requirements, it would seem that the increase in manufactures which this growing importation of materials indicates is being consumed at home, since exportations of manufactures for the year show no material increase.

A rapid increase in the importation of manufacturers' materials has been the striking characteristic of the fiscal year about to end. For

the 11 months the total value of manufacturers' materials imported amounted to \$451,051,163, against \$384,775,761 for the same months of last year, \$419,524,957 for the corresponding months of 1901, and \$363,455,672 for the same months of 1900. Prior to 1900 the imports of manufacturers' materials had never touched the 300 million dollar line, except in 1893, when they were \$306,461,795. Comparing 1903 with 1890, the manufacturers' materials imported have nearly doubled in value, those of the eleven months of 1890 being \$242,137,981. Comparing conditions in 1903 with 1890, the year of the largest exportation of manufacturers' materials may be said that the importation of manufacturers' materials has increased 8 million dollars and exportation of manufactures has decreased 1 million dollars during the eleven months period under consideration.

WORLD'S NATIONS.

The nations of the world are, after all, but a group of families neighboring one another. The rules which govern the intercourse of society may just as well, then, be considered as applying to the intercourse of governments. The amount of courtesy to be extended to a man by his neighbors, in respectable circles, is a matter everywhere recognized as depending upon his reputation for truthfulness and the manner in which he conducts his domestic affairs. If he is given to lying and is in the habit of whipping his wife on the front porch, or of setting the dog on his children, he isn't usually regarded as meriting the consideration due to a gentleman. Nor can he claim immunity, in such case, from neighborly interference with his household management. Just such a case is that of Russia among nations. Her diplomacy is founded upon lies, such as those with which she has attempted to bamboozle our state department in reference to the evacuation of Manchuria. Her treatment of the Jews is fairly comparable to acts of domestic discipline such as those just mentioned. And President Roosevelt is evidently inclined to make her understand—by insisting in forwarding the petition of the Jews to the Czar, in the form of diplomatic remonstrances to the "noblesse oblige" of knighthood—compels a measure of disregard for Russia's claims to the immunities belonging to truth-tellers and to well regulated households—that is, the neighbors really do have something to say as to the manner in which a despot shall treat his family.

WHY INVITE TROUBLE?

Tinker with the Tariff; well, why should we?

Surely the marts of trade are open to us. Our export reports show that, constantly increasing at the same time, notwithstanding all the dire predictions of the Free-Trade proponents of disaster.

The mills are in operation; the smoke is curling over and above the factory chimneys. Except where there are strikes for advances of wages the work of the day goes steadily on. There is plenty of demand for coal, no matter what the coal barons say. Travel on the railroads is simply stupendous. The freight traffic no less so.

If we are to take people who pretend to know at their own word the transportation companies have not enough cars to supply their patrons' demand. And as all this means activity in the business world steady wages for the laboring man, sure payments of rents, and grocers' bills, and provision for all the necessities of life, we ask again, why tinker with the tariff?

And, to use an old form of expression, we pause for a reply.

GROSS IGNORANCE.

Gross ignorance of American affairs in the unofficial circles of Great Britain has been so commonly manifested that it has almost ceased to be amusing; but better things might be expected of such prominent men and "globe-trotters" as Joseph Chamberlain and Sir Charles Dilke. Yet Chamberlain declared in parliament a few days ago that the registration fee on grain and flour, reimposed in Great Britain last year, was paid by the American railways, not by the British consumer; the railways being obliged to transport these products to the seaboard at lower rates. In fact, as Harper's Weekly points out, the rates were twice advanced by the railways after the action of the British government. Sir Charles Dilke made the still more erroneous statement in parliament, June 10, that the exports of Great Britain were equal to the combined exports of the United States, Germany and France.

The Reliance seems to be walking away from the Columbia and the Constitution in its daily races with them. Now comes Sir Thomas to see what kind of a bird this same Reliance is.

Five years ago yesterday the soldier boys of '98 won a telling victory from the host of Spain at San Juan Cuba. Just forty-one years ago the great battle of Malvern Hill was fought.

Thus far the loss in wages in the building trades strike in New York City foots up \$21,000,000. Arbitration is more effective, and far cheaper.

British officers in Somaliland are "extricating" themselves from

Mad Mullah's traps, which is a decided improvement upon beginning an announcement with a regret.

It seems that the Socialists in Germany gained no less than 900,000 votes at the recent election. The Kaiser will doubtless see that the party is one to be reckoned with in the future of the empire.

A number of towns in New York have recently received from the state \$261,039 for permanent highway improvement. But the towns are sufficiently in earnest to pay an equal amount themselves, as required by the state law.

That Australian citizen who claims to have invented a perfect rainmaking device may have an interesting invention, but if he is wisely advised he will keep away from the United States this summer.

American oarsmen seem to be gaining distinction on the other side of the water by rowing away from their German cousins in the launch races that have been held at Kiel.

How cruel that eastern road is to be sure to stop innocent rice throwing at newly married couples at its depots. Why half the fun of being married, for the friends will be done away with at one fell swoop.

The bureau of publicity of the St. Louis exposition is certainly earning its money, and the press matter they are sending out is the best possible material.

It would seem that hot weather was here to stay now that it has come.

One paper, commenting on the Poughkeepsie boat race says: "Wisconsin done the best it could." May be it "done so" but it came in third.

Emperor Willie knew a good conditioned boat when he saw it and the old Kearsarge takes the credit away from all the rest.

It is now up to the Czar to receive letters from prominent Jews regarding the Kishineff horror and remain unmoved.

Awful mine disasters are told of as happening in the west and railway accident in Europe. Surely human life is valued far too cheaply for safety sake.

The Iowa democracy is now ready for the Cleveland boom, but electoral votes are not expected in that quarter by the recognizers.

Iowa democrats admit that they were wrong in 1896 and 1900. Nobody with gumption is likely to trust them for 1904, either.

Down among the cannibal islands this idea that fat persons are unwholesome is looked upon asarrant nonsense.

As to the question of indorsing presidential candidates, Oyster Bay wishes to be placed on record along with Ohio.

The United States Ship Building company is having troubles of its own these days.

Uncle Sam will deal with mergers and other violations of acts of congress.

Now comes the demand that the negro be educated by the government whether he will or not.

Cotton has taken a funny look these last few days and soon we shall once more hear of hard times in England cotton mills.

Brave Sir Thomas still sticks to it that his vessels are the best that ever crossed the paddle.

Kaiser Wilhelm seems to appreciate also the desirable features of the great American art of "Jollifying."

Columbian possibly fears that if it had that \$10,000,000 in its safe, a dozen revolutions would be after it before morning.

Now that the other rivers have been doing their best, the Rio Grand will show them how to have a flood.

Don't Throw Your Old Shoes Away.

But take them to Rockford, Janesville & Beloit Repairing Co.

and have them fixed. We use only the best leather and do the finest work. Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Give us a trial and you will always be a customer.

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Next to Dredick Bros. Store.

Prompt Service.

Just use your 'phone and we will do the rest.

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In the year 1696 one Class Tilly, a citizen of Harlem, in Holland, discovered a combination of oils and gums, which on trial proved a wonderful remedy for kidney trouble, also very healing for wounds and gravel. That was over three hundred years ago. This remedy is still made by the descendants of Class Tilly and sold by us for 10c the bottle. To get the genuine buy it or us. We have received a shipment direct from Holland Badger Drug Co., Milwaukee and River streets.

WANT ADS.

Letters at this office await: "G." "H." "G. O."

"W. R." "C." "X." "Q. F."

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Good wages paid. Apply at 159 South Jackson street.

WANTED—All kinds of dress making. Inquire at 316 W. Bluff street.

WANTED—Stone masons and building laborers at the new hotel building in Beloit, Wis.

WANTED—Bricklayers and building laborers, at the new hotel building in Beloit, Wis.

WANTED, AT ONCE—Two dining room girls, experienced. Good wages. Address Jarvis Inn, Rockford, Ill.

WANTED to purchase—First class incubator. Inquire at Duty Mill.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework in small family. Mrs. Francis C. Grant, 31 Cornelia street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No washing. Inquire at Mrs. Con, McDonald, 151 East Milwaukee street.

WANTED—A woman to cook, at Smith's Hotel. Good wages.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Mrs. C. M. Rexford, 275 Washington street.

WANTED—Work on farm through harvest. E. J. Lusk, 249 Valentine's School of Telegraphy, Janesville.

WANTED—Twelve boys and girls, 17 years of age, or over; steady employment; \$1.20 to \$2.00 per day. Inquire at E. V. Morgan, in Corneau Hotel, from two o'clock to eight.

WANTED—A place to do general housework. Address D. J. O'reilly.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Inquire at No. 13 Clark street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—The house next to the Grubb block; same to be off lot by July 20 S. D. Grubb.

FOR RENT—Five room flat, furnished for housekeeper. Modern conveniences and gas stove. 218 S. Mainstreet.

FOR SALE—Nine acres of timothy hay, standing, a bargain for someone. Address Mrs. Wm. Jude, 73 Pearl street.

STRAYED—A large black cow, with calf two days old. Reward for any information. Geo. Woodruff, Adm'r.

FOR SALE—Extension top survey. Cost \$250 in first class condition; price \$80. Geo. M. McKee.

FOR SALE—Leave the city next Wednesday; must sell my nearly new typewriter and cabinet. Make me an offer. Address "Typewriter," O'Casey.

FOR SALE—Open buggy and driving harness in good condition. A bargain. 153 West Milwaukee street.

FOR SALE—Improved farms in Vernon and Crawford counties from \$15 to \$35 per acre. W. J. Litt, 249 Washington street.

FOR SALE—Stand of trees of heavy timber, 10 to 15 feet in diameter. Inquire of C. E. Jenkins, 19 South Main street.

FOR SALE—A good wall tent. 12x24, 10 oz. double fill duck, \$15, cost about \$35. 153 W. Milwaukee street.

FOR SALE—An eight room modern cottage, E. with hard and soft water, furnished and ready to occupy, located at Glenwood Springs, Geneva Lake. Will be sold at a bargain. Address "E. Gazette."

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two large front rooms and hall, furnished for light housekeeping; suitable for three adults; 10 minutes walk from bridge. 1st Locust street.

FOR RENT—Two furnished cottages at Lake Keweenaw; one \$12, and one \$7 per week. Enquire Dr. E. Loomis, Janesville, Wis.

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, corner of Sharpe and South Main streets, \$11 per month. Tel. to Lowell.

FOR RENT, August 1st—A storm at No. 15 W. Milwaukee street. Inquire of Stanley Tallman, 39 Jackson block.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping or lodgings, at 223 South Main street.

FOR RENT—Cottages. Furnished cottages for rent on Lake Keweenaw. Address, G. L. Tripp, Brooklyn, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS

CLAIRYOGANT—Trance medium; readings on all affairs; daily from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Call at 4

GOLF CLUB TO BE BUSY THE FOURTH

MANY EVENTS ARE PLANNED FOR THAT DAY,

TOURNAMENT IN AFTERNOON

Putting Contests and Croquet Games for the Less Active Members.

While Janesville as a city will take no official recognition of the great and glorious Fourth there will be many parties and picnics at adjoining resorts and the Mississippi Golf club will be the scene of several exciting contests if the plans at present projected are carried through. The wide sweep of grounds with the rolling hills will insure a fine breeze and while the sun will doubtless be hot the clubhouse veranda is always cool and will be a much sought for place. The official day will begin in the afternoon.

Many for Dinner
Steward Moulton says that thus far he has orders for about one hundred dinners and that from present indications the number will be more than doubled before the time comes. He is making arrangements to accommodate all who telephone their orders out for meals at the hour they set. This large order for dinner is perhaps due partially to the fact that many of the younger members of the club are talking of a baseball game in the morning. It has been thought that two teams, married men and bachelors, could be easily chosen and an exciting contest arranged for. Then, too, many families will go to the grounds early in the morning and spend the day there. The croquet set will be in constant use and an effort will be made to have the tennis courts ready although this is doubtful. In making the excavations for the courts they were figured too closely and hence are too small for use at present. This, however, will soon be remedied.

Afternoon
At two o'clock there will be a sweepstakes handicap tournament. It is open to all the members of the club and all entries will be handicapped. This will draw many to the grounds, either to watch or to play themselves. The course is in excellent condition and will be all mowed over before the day so as to be in the finest kind of shape.

Putting Contests

There will also be putting and approaching contests which members will be invited to enter and there is some talk among croquet enthusiasts of a tournament in that game. For a person sitting on the porch there will be plenty of animation to look upon with links in full swing, the putting clock in front and the croquet games just beyond.

Evening Plans
After supper there is a move on foot to have an informal hop. At any rate the big hall will be cleared as soon as supper is over and dancers can have their swing if they wish. Fireworks may close up the day's pleasure. While this is not a club feature it is understood that several members will club together to purchase some and they will be set off where all can see them.

HOPE TO DEFEAT SCHLITZ ACTION

Saloon Men Organize to Fight Power of Milwaukee Brewing Company in This City.

Organized opposition to the aggressive steps said to have been recently taken by the Schlitz Brewing company is the avowed purpose of a protective organization which has been formed by the saloon keepers of the city. There is a possibility that the scope of the organization may be extended later to embrace other matters of common importance.

The subject of immediate contention was stated by one saloon keeper as follows:

"Sales of Schlitz beer have fallen off because the drinking public here want home made beer. To force dealers to buy his company's goods, whether their patrons wanted them or not. Martin Riley, recently agent of the Schlitz company in this city, secured control of the rental of several saloons and gave the proprietors option between handling Schlitz brands or paying an exorbitant rent. Sheridan and Byrne, Tom Siegel, and the Ottomans had it put to them this way: The rest of us decided not to stand for it, and we organized to help out the men who are getting the small end of the deal."

"We don't pay any attention to that at all," said Agent Zimmerman of the Schlitz company this morning. "We don't mind it at all."

The next meeting of the protective organization will be held July 13, at which plans for action will be formulated.

St. Peter's Eng. Luth. Church
There will be services in Caledonian rooms as follows: Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; morning service, 10:30 a. m.; evening service, 7:30 p. m. One of the pastors of Chicago Seminary will preach. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

No Kicks to Board: For the first time since the board of review began its sessions at the city hall there were today no complaining taxpayers.

Young Men and Maidens.

Life would become intolerable if girls could not be on frank and uncoquettish terms with men of their own age, or some years their seniors. The idea that because two young people may have a great deal in common they must also be in love is happily dying out. No one is hurt, no one is compromised, when a friendship does not lead to marriage.—John Oliver Hobbes in Pall Mall Magazine.

JANESEVILLE MAN MAKES BIG HAUL

Frank Gray, a former resident, recently caught a big fish in the Pacific.

The Long Beach Evening Tribune, of Long Beach California, prints the following account of a former Janesville man's luck with the rod. Frank Gray was the lucky fisherman.

Caught a Big Halibut

There was a big halibut in near the wharf this morning and came to the surface once after a bait that was being hauled in. This made every fisherman wild and the way they went after that fellow with choice bait was a caution. Finally a man named Gray felt a tug, and after a struggle succeeded in landing the prize. It was a beauty, and weighed 24 pounds.

RESULTS OF BASEBALL GAMES

American League.
Boston, 1; Chicago, 0 (ten innings).
New York, 7; St. Louis, 3.
Washington, 4; Detroit, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; Cleveland, 8.

National League.
Philadelphia, 12; Chicago, 4.
New York, 6; St. Louis, 2.
Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburgh, 4.

American Association.
Columbus, 7; Indianapolis, 4.
St. Paul, 4; Indianapolis, 4 (ten innings).
Toledo, 12; Louisville, 3.

Three-Eye League.

Rock Island, 7; Springfield, 6 (fourteen innings).
Rockford, 11; Davenport, 3.
Dubuque, 6; Cedar Rapids, 1.
Decorah, 1; Bloomington, 4.

Central League.
Dayton, 5; Wheeling, 3 (ten innings).
Evansville, 10; Fort Wayne, 9.
Terre Haute, 7; South Bend, 2.
Grand Rapids, 6; Marion, 2.

LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

Janesville Chapter, No. 5, R. A. M. Laurel Lodge, No. 2, Degree of Honor.

Odd Fellows Social and Beneficial Club.

Shoemakers' Union.
Teamsters' Union.
Knights of Columbus.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Fresh fish. W. W. Nash.
Fish tomorrow. Taylor Bros.
Get your fish order in early, Nash.

Fresh fish of all kinds tomorrow. Phone us. Taylor Bros.

At Uncle Sam's Expense

The expense of sending these forecasts to the farmers will be borne by the government.

In the local exchange records will be kept to show the time at which the forecast is received each day and at which it is transmitted to the subscribers.

At the end of the month these records will be sent to the government authorities to enable them to get a line on the comparative efficiency of the telephone and telegraph in sending out the reports.

PHONE REPORTS TO BEGIN SOON

FARMERS NEAR JANESEVILLE WILL GET NEW SERVICE.

OVER ROCK COUNTY LINES

Within a few days a daily weather forecast will be sent to all phone subscribers.

Before the end of the month—"as soon as possible" is the statement of the secretary of the governmental weather forecasting department for this section of the state—all farmers having phones in the Rock County Farmers' Telephone company will daily receive the official forecast. At some time between ten-thirty, each morning every phone in the exchange will be connected, a given signal will be rung and central will read the weather prediction for the day.

Forecasts Over Phones

For several days W. M. Nelson of the weather bureau, stationed at Milwaukee, has been in correspondence with Richard Valentine, president of the Independent Rock county system.

In his last letter he stated that this innovation in weather forecasting would be put into effect in Janesville as soon as official action could be taken on the matter, and yesterday the blanks were received, on which the daily records are to be kept in the local office.

For Farmers' Benefit

Under this system the predictions for the coming twenty-four hours will early in the day be placed in the hands of the persons to whom they will be most valuable—the farmers.

Subscribers in the city may learn the forecast by calling up central, the farm and city wires being connected with the same switchboard.

In case severe storms or frosts are expected at any time special warning will be sent out over the lines.

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PRESS COMMENT.

La Crosse Leader and Press. It is claimed that the electric railroad in America kill 100 persons a month. It is charged up to current expenses.

Evening Wisconsin. It is fortunate that Wisconsin's main instrument of attack in tends is the spit fence, which doesn't cast a shadow like that of the gallows.

Oshkosh Times. Some of the state papers seem inclined to question the Oshkosh story of the 299-pound sturgeon taken from the Fox river near this city. Some people are more suspicious than anybody.

Eau Claire Leader. The Declaration of Independence is, with the exception of the letters of Junius, considered the finest composition in the English language. Governor La Follette says that in his opinion the time is ripe for a new one. Shares of John Hancock, has it come to this!

Oshkosh Northwestern. In spite of the fact that the price of pig iron has gone off about \$3 a ton, the directors of the steel trust have decided to maintain their price of \$28 a ton for steel rails for American delivery. And yet with the testimony of Mr. Carnegie that steel rails can be produced in this country for \$12 a ton and pay an average wage of \$4 a day in their manufacture, it gives insight into the so-called Iowa idea which contends that the tariff should be adjusted so it will protect the consumer as well as the manufacturer.

Strawberries. 3 for 25c

Red Raspberries. bx 10c

Black Raspberries. 2bx 15c

Blueberries. bx 14c

Gooseberries. 2 bx 15c

BANANAS. per doz. 15c

WASHED L. S. 1 lb. basket. each 20c

GHERRIES. Royal Ann. Cal. lb. 25c

Tartarian Cal. lb. 25c

PLUMS. Abundance Cal. doz. 10c

Blue Tragedy Cal. dz. 10c

Clyman Cal. doz. 8c

ORANGES. Sweets, per doz. 30c

fancy per dz. 30c

COCONUTS. fresh, each 10c

BERRIES.

Strawberries. 3 for 25c

Red Raspberries. bx 10c

Black Raspberries. 2bx 15c

Blueberries. bx 14c

Gooseberries. 2 bx 15c

CITY

Coal and

Wood Yard

Herman Lehifus

Marion and W. Milwaukee St.

New Phone No. 30.

Ice

Tea

Weather...

Our special Oolong and English Breakfast black Teas are superior for ice tea.

We have them at 50 cents

and 80 cents per pound.

James Caldwell and family and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Karp have gone into camp at their cottage at Elkhorn.

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..NEWS FROM NEAR-BY TOWNS..

EAST PORTER

East Porter, July 2.—Tobacco settling is nearly completed in this locality and the weather has been very favorable for the plants to start to grow.

Aaron Wallin has purchased a new tobacco settler.

Mrs. John Wright of Janesville attended church in Fulton last Sunday.

Mrs. Lou Ramsey has returned from her Chicago visit and has brought a friend with her. Mrs. Eva Parker,

The children's Day exercises at the Fulton church were exceptionally good this year and the church was filled with an appreciative audience.

Mr. Jos. Wright is improving quite rapidly.

Miss Josephine Brown of Fulton, has gone camping with Edgerton friends.

Mrs. Alfred Mubbel and daughters Misses Minnie and Nelle, went to Stoughton last Tuesday.

Mr. Eph Sayre's family have moved from Beloit to spend the summer vacation on his mother's farm near Fulton.

Mrs. Daniel Nelping of Pittsburgh, Penn., and Miss Mae Wood of Milwaukee were visitors from abroad at Fulton church last Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Gardner and daughters Ethel and Frances attended commencement at Milton college last Thursday.

Little Flora and Vena Boothroyd received the prize last Sunday for bringing in the largest missionary collection.

Mrs. L. Hubbell and daughter Mida and Mrs. Wile and granddaughter Nettie and Blanche Thompson of South Fulton attended church at Fulton last Sunday.

Mrs. Blivens has been entertaining her sister Mrs. Huyle of Magnolia.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Jensen entertained Chicago relatives last Sunday.

The Fulton choir will not meet for practice this week on account of the 4th.

MILTON

Milton, July 2.—An Old Folks' concert is to be given soon under the auspices of the W. C. T. U.

With many hay growers praying for a drought, and the balance of humanity howling for rain, the weather is certainly up against it good and plenty.

Professors Shaw and Thomas, of the college faculty, will attend the University summer school at Madison.

R. W. Clarke has returned to Madison where he has a position in the office of the Dean of the Law school for the coming year.

D. C. E. Crandall and wife leave next week for New York state on a two month's visit with relatives and friends.

E. P. Clarke celebrated his eighty-sixth birthday Tuesday and was able to be at his office.

Dr. Bennerwies has just added a new X-ray outfit to his office fixtures and is now able to show you things in your anatomy that you never dreamed you had.

Mrs. Nellie Dodds and daughter of Woodstock, Minn., are the guests of Mrs. C. B. Smith.

J. M. Lane and wife of Chicago are visiting their parents—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lane. John is in the employ of Libby, McNeill & Libby.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson of Marion, Ill., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Chaney.

Many of the students have returned to their homes for the summer vacation, but most of them will be back at the opening of the fall term.

The band concert Tuesday evening drew a large crowd and many compliments were heard for the players.

The interurban people were in town Wednesday morning with their autos and called on Bunker Green.

The annual school meeting will be held Monday evening and matters of much importance are to be considered.

The local Rebekah Lodge held their annual picnic at the Bling Pond Wednesday.

David Walsh and wife enjoyed an outing at Lake Mills this week.

HANOVER

Hanover, July 2.—Hanover will not celebrate the Fourth this year.

W. Schimore has moved from the hotel and onto the farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Lagerman of Janesville have taken possession of the hotel, and will conduct the same for the next year.

Mrs. Wm. Schuman has a sister from Canada, spending the summer with her.

Mrs. Sarah Raymond was a Janesville visitor on Tuesday.

On Tuesday evening a number of our villagers were invited to the residence of Rev. Meuthner to witness the opening of a "Night Blooming Cereus." The plant has three large, and beautiful blossoms, and was a fine sight.

Gretchen Uehling is on the sick list.

Mrs. Anna E. Nance of Monroe was the guest of Mrs. Eva Child on Tuesday.

Horace Clough of the St. Paul station enjoyed a visit last Sunday from his father, Mr. Clough of Mazomanie.

Mrs. Wm. Ross and little son, of Janesville were guests on Monday of Mrs. Ross' parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Partridge.

A. Wiggins was shipping stock here on Monday.

A number of our people will go to Center to celebrate the Fourth.

The house of F. Schultz is nearly completed, and is a credit to the contractor, W. Heller.

F. Bleedorn will erect a two thousand dollar house on his farm just north of our village this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Murdoch of Janesville spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Child.

MILTON JUNCTION

Milton Junction, July 2.—A good soaking shower of rain would be

greatly appreciated in this vicinity. The S. D. B. Sabbath school picnic was held at Bingham's Point, Koskong Sunday.

Mr. Goodrich can appreciate his electric fan these days.

Mr. and Mrs. George Walters and son of Albion visited her parents here Saturday.

Miss Wilson of Rockford has been visiting her cousin May Burhans the past week.

Gale Richmond has been having the diphtheria, but is reported better at present writing.

Mrs. Clinton Chamberlain is visiting in Iowa.

Mrs. Maxwell entertained a number of lady friends Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. LeMoore who has been here visiting her aunt Maggie Bardick returned to her home in Jefferson on Saturday.

Prot. Allen B. West and family of Lake Mills were in town Saturday. Allen B. West, Jr., will spend the summer vacation here working with the West Lumier company.

Mrs. L. Randolph of Janesville attended church here last Sabbath.

The postoffice building is being newly shingled.

Quite a load of carpenters from this town are at work on a fine new house being built between this town and Janesville.

Miss Mizpah Sherman of Chicago and Mr. Walter Green of Alfred, N. Y., visited with friends here the past week.

Maine Coon is spending a few days at Walworth.

Linda Buten is visiting her aunt at Racine.

Strawberry harvest is nearly over. Considerable difficulty in obtaining boxes and cases caused some loss to small growers. Raspberries are now on the market.

Miss Mercy Garthwaite does not recover from her throat trouble as fast as her friends would wish, having been unable to speak aloud for a number of weeks.

Irving Coon of Walworth spent Wednesday night of last week with his cousin E. D. Coon.

Prof. G. W. Burdick and wife of Milton college have moved back on to the farm with her father Charles Lawton.

LIMA CENTER

Lima Center, July 2.—Mrs. Mary Stetson is visiting at Fairwater and Beaver Dam.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Sherman of Newville visited her parents in Lima over Sunday.

Miss Ethel Statson was a caller at W. E. Boyd's Monday afternoon.

The community was saddened to hear of the death of Mrs. Redmer on Tuesday morning. She had been helping to do the work at Frank Kyle's home, and was taken with diphtheria and died very suddenly.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. W. Mrs. W. D. McComb is able to be out again.

AFTON

Afton, July 2.—Andrew Oleson started his saloon Wednesday.

W. J. Miller has purchased a new road wagon.

Selwyn C. Woodard of Cherry Valley, was the guest of U. G. Waiter over Sunday.

R. W. Hoskins of San Angelo, Tex., is visiting his brother Joshua, for a few days.

Freddie Brinkman had the misfortune to fall and break his arm on Tuesday.

J. C. Blunt of Chicago was in town the last of the week.

F. H. Otis & Co. received a car of coal Tuesday.

John Brinkman was in Janesville Tuesday.

L. A. Sherman of Janesville was in our village on Wednesday.

EMERALD GROVE

Emerald Grove, July 2.—The women's Auxiliary will be entertained by Mrs. Robert W. Jones and Mrs. W. A. Dean on Thursday afternoon July 9th at the home of Mrs. Jones. Everyone is welcome.

Mrs. W. J. Jones and daughter, Catherine, returned Monday from a visit to Chicago.

Mrs. Boss has returned from visiting her daughters at Beloit.

School meeting will be held on Monday evening, July 6.

PORTER

Porter, July 1.—D. E. McCarthy has a very sore foot, the result of a sprained ankle.

Mr. Fred Boss, wife and daughter, Madeline, of Leyden were pleasant visitors on Thursday.

The rain on Tuesday enabled the farmers to get some resetting of tobacco done.

Messrs. Bentley and Scofield, of Fulton, shingled Dan McCarthy's house last week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Lock are mourning the loss of their infant son, aged four months, who departed this life last Wednesday. The funeral was held on Friday, services and interment taking place at Edgerton.

John J. Dooley has just put another new boat, "The Shamrock," on Gibb's lake, while fishing Tuesday he had the good luck to land a ten-pound pickerel which is next to the largest fish taken from the lake this season, although a number have hauled out a number of eight- and six-pound fish.

LIMA

Lima, July 1.—Farmers are having a good chance to get their hay up. It is such nice weather.

John Ward was seen on our streets with his automobile Monday.

Mrs. Jas. Brady attended the funeral of Miss Lizzie Knight Monday at Whitewater.

William George of Whitewater called on friends Tuesday.

Mrs. Thos. McGill visited friends in Milton Junction Tuesday. Master George and Arthur Brady

the Chicago & North-Western Railway for the occasions named below:

Boston, July 5th to 10th, National Educational Association.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 7th to 10th, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Atlanta, Ga., July 9th to 12th, Baptist Young People's Union of America.

Denver, July 9th to 13th, United Society of Christian Endeavor.

Detroit, Mich., July 16th to 18th, International Epworth League.

Baltimore, Md., July 21st to 23rd, B. P. O. E.

San Francisco, August 17th to 22d, G. A. R. meeting.

Deadwood, S. D., Sept. 7th to 11th, International Mining Congress.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 21st to 26th, Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the Chicago & North-Western Line.

Splendid Trip to Boston and Return

On the occasion of the 42nd Annual Meeting of the National Educational Association at Boston, July 5th to 10th, the Wisconsin Journal of Education special through train will leave Madison, Thursday, July 2nd, at 1:15 p. m., via the North-Western Line, passing through Lake Mills, Jefferson Jet., and Waukesha to Milwaukee, thence to Chicago along the North-Western's delightful lake shore route.

The route of the special train from Chicago will be via the Grand Trunk Ry., leaving Chicago the same evening and arriving at London, Ont., for breakfast. Niagara Falls will be reached at 10:30 a. m. and here the party will stop until 8:00 p. m., making a number of interesting trips to points in this vicinity. On the morning of Saturday, July 4th, the party will leave Kingston, Ont., on the steamer Toronto, for a delightful ride along the St. Lawrence river, past the Thousand Islands and through the Lachine Rapids, arriving at Montreal for supper and in time for a ride through the city before departing at 8:00 p. m.

The party will reach Boston Sunday morning at 8:00 o'clock, where it will be met by local committees who will act as escort to hotels or various points of interest.

This special train and the round trip rate in effect afford a splendid opportunity for a trip of unrivaled interest.

The party will be personally conducted and in charge of one who is familiar with the route and will see that the passengers' comfort is cared for in every detail.

The arrangements for the special party include favorable rates at hotels, eating houses and for side trips. For further information call upon or address ticket agent of the North-Western Line.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Musical Festival, American-Swedish Singers at Minneapolis, Minn.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates July 20, 21, and 22, limited to return until July 27, inclusive.

Excursion Rates to Ashland, Wis.

Via the North-Western Line. Tickets will be sold at reduced rates July 13, 14 and 15, limited to return until July 17, inclusive, on account of Wisconsin Elks' annual meeting.

Very Low Rates to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Return

Via the North-Western Line. July 1 to 10 inclusive, with final return limit until and including August 31, 1903, account of C. E. convention. Stop over privileges and choice of routes. Side trips can be made at reduced excursion rates to various Colorado points, to the summit or

rates and tickets apply to ticket agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Special Reduced Excursion Rates

Will begin effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Rail for the occasions named below:

National Educational Association, Boston, July 6th to 10th.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 7th to 10th.

United Christian Endeavor, Denver July 9th to 13th.

Epworth League, Detroit, Mich., July 16th to 19th.

B. P. O. E., Baltimore, Md., July 21st to 23rd.

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...Forty years ago...

Janesville Daily Gazette, Thursday, July 2, 1863.—There has been severe fighting between Meade's and Lee's forces, between Gettysburg and Chambersburg. Meade was reported to have been present. Gen. Reynolds was mortally wounded. The battle was apparently in progress when last heard from.

Emancipation in Russia.—The state convention in Missouri has adopted an ordinance of emancipation and adjourned. Slavery ceases to exist in that state on the fourth of July, 1870.

For the benefit of our Polar readers, we will make a note of the fact that this is a very warm day. The mercury is plump up to 90 degrees in the shade.

The city of Syracuse is planning a capacious reservoir, at the cost of \$50,000 to supply the people with wholesome water.

At the anniversary of Cornell college, Mount Vernon, Iowa, on Thursday last, a few persons, perhaps half a dozen in all went there with copperhead pins, which created great excitement. The exercises were temporarily suspended; the band commenced playing, and every copper

head badge was taken from its owner and he forced to barrah for the union.

Gettysburg, July 1.—There has been a heavy engagement since nine o'clock this morning, between the rebels under Longstreet and Hill and the 1st and 11th corps under Gens. Reynolds and Meade. The locality is beyond Gettysburg on the Chambersville Pike. Portions of the fight have been very severe and attended with heavy loss. Thus far the enemy has been successfully resisted by the two corps mentioned, and the 3rd and 12th corps are now coming up.

Harrisburg, July 1, Midnight.—The heavy firing heard in the direction of Carlisle has now ceased. It is believed that the rebels have made an attack on the forces belonging to this department, between Mechanicsburg and Carlisle. No doubt a general engagement is going on.

Washington, July 1.—Letters of today's date received from the army of the Potomac contain the following: Our last movements have been characterized by a marked willingness on the part of the soldiers to undergo any fatigue within the bounds of human endurance.

ALLEGED COLLUSION IN ARMY CONTRACT**CHARGES BY DEFEATED FIRM**

Congressman Littauer, It is Claimed, Furnished Goods to Successful Bidder in Violation of Statute—Investigation is Under Way.

Washington, July 2.—There will be a thorough investigation into the methods employed in securing contracts for army supplies. This investigation is the direct result of the publication of records of the contracts of Edmund R. Lyon with the quartermaster's department for gloves and gauntlets.

These documents connect Representative Littauer of New York with the contracts, and the records of the war department are being overhauled to ascertain if the New York representative had any interest in them.

Firm Enters Protest.

The examination of the officials in progress fails to disclose anything involving Mr. Littauer. It was said that sometime ago the charge was made that Representative Littauer was interested in glove contracts and that a San Francisco firm which had bid on these supplies had protested and called the attention of the war department to a clause in the revised statutes prohibiting members of congress from receiving any benefits from contracts with the government.

Officials to Investigate.

Steps are now being taken to ascertain the truthfulness of this statement, and a search will be made of the files of the office of the quartermaster general to see if any written protest was received.

Littauer is a member of the firm of Littauer Bros., which manufactured gloves for Lyon, who sold them to the government. An official of the war department said that Representative Littauer had been a frequent visitor there, and on several occasions had discussed the glove question in a general way, but had never made reference to any particular contract.

Penalty is Severe.

Secretary Root will take up the matter with Quartermaster General Humphrey. It is asserted at the department that there is no doubt that proceedings can be instituted under the law to recover the money paid to Lyon for the goods he supplied, and which can be shown came from the firm of Littauer. If the law officers of the government hold that Littauer is interested in this contract it will be the duty of the quartermaster general under the revised statutes to call upon Lyon and his sureties for repayment to the government of all the money for goods purchased under the Lyon contracts and which were supplied by Representative Littauer's firm.

Attorney General May Act.

Should the repayment be refused the matter would probably be referred to the attorney general to institute proceedings against Lyon's bondsmen, which in some of the contracts would include William Littauer. Any prosecution of Representative Littauer for violation of the statutes prohibiting members of congress from being interested in contracts with the government will depend upon the result of the investigation which it is proposed to make of all the contracts with Lyon.

POISONED BEER CAUSES DEATH

Woman's Former Bearded is Accused of Killing Her.

Cincinnati, O., July 2.—Mrs. Lena Galley, according to the coroner's verdict, died from poisoning. She had just returned to her husband with their two children after a temporary absence. It is charged that a man, who had previously boarded with the Galley's, put poison in beer that he brought with him when calling on Mrs. Galley.

Hogs Eat Woman's Corpse.

Vinita, I. T., July 2.—Mrs. Cynthia Johnson, an aged widow of Kinnison, was killed in her yard while her son and daughter were away. When her daughter returned she found that the hogs had eaten the body until it was beyond recognition.

Is Dismissed.

Atlanta, Ga., July 2.—S. A. Hawk, warden of the federal prison in this city, has been relieved from duty on orders from the attorney general. Two of his subordinates retired with him. Mr. Hawk came from Columbus, O.

Cement for Broken Heart.

New York, July 2.—Mrs. Catherine Pollan has filed a \$250,000 breach of promise suit against a man whom she says is a very prominent millionaire yachtsman.

Hargis Leaves Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., July 2.—Judge Jas. L. Hargis left here, it is believed, for Cynthiana, to confer with the officials there regarding the trial of Jett and White.

Writes Its Own Telegrams.

New York, July 2.—A machine by which one's handwriting may be transmitted by a telephone wire is now being exhibited at an office on Broadway.

Terms of Railroad Deal.

New York, July 2.—The terms on which the Hocking Valley Railway was taken over by half a dozen railroads have been announced. The negotiations extended over six months. A bare majority of the common stock was finally bid in and pooled and then divided among the roads.

Kountz Murder Trial Begins.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 2.—The trial of Dr. Walter Kountz for the murder of Edward Walsh, a wealthy contractor, last May is on in the criminal court.

Fires at Cat. Hits a Man.

Washington, July 2.—James W. Dent, 27 years of age, living on Trout street, Twining City, D. C., was accidentally shot over the right eye by Duncimer Stansbury, a neighbor, who was trying to shoot a cat.

MACHEN PLEADS NOT GUILTY**Former Postal Official Is Arraigned on Bribery Charges.**

Washington, July 2.—August W. Machen, against whom three indictments have been found for accepting a bribe in connection with the contracts for letter box fasteners, was arraigned before Justice Pritchard in Criminal court No. 1. He pleaded not guilty and was given until July 20 to file a demur, should he wish to do so. The Groff brothers, who were indicted with Machen, appeared in court and pleaded not guilty. It was announced that Machen and the Groffs will be tried at the fall term of court, their cases being taken up in the regular order. The fall term begins in October.

Jaller Is Attacked.

Flemingsburg, Ky., July 2.—A mysterious assault was made on Jaller John G. Morris at the jail here. It is supposed to have been an attempt to release William Thacker, who has twice been convicted for the killing of John Gordan.

Cure for Rheumatism.

Richmond, Ind., July 2.—Edward Dalbey, a prominent citizen, has found a novel cure for paralytic rheumatism in one of his arms. On his daily walk from his home to his business he carries an eight-pound flatiron.

Sues University.

Chicago, July 2.—The University of Chicago has been sued in the circuit court for \$5,000 damages by Ella B. Martin as administratrix of the estate of George Jenkins, who was killed in November, 1891, by a falling wall.

Drama Censor for Manila.

Washington, July 2.—A censorship of the drama will probably be established in the Philippines to prevent plays which inculcate hatred of Americans and glorify resistance to the American government.

Boothblacks Form a Union.

New York, July 2.—The latest thing in unions is the "Boothblack Union." It is formed not to increase the price of the "shine," but to fight the boothblack trust and the padrone system.

Color Quarrels and Resigns.

New York, July 2.—Former Comptroller Bird S. Coler has resigned the presidency of the Guardian Trust company of this city, as the result of a quarrel in the directorate.

If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, MRS. WNSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Boy Is Killed.

Peoria, Ill., July 2.—Roy Mattox, aged 14, was killed in a merry-go-round. With companions he was seated in one of the cars when it jerked, throwing him out, his head striking the sidewalk. He lived but a few minutes.

Bad Fire at Ocoya, Ill.

Bloomington, Ill., July 2.—Fire at Ocoya destroyed the two elevators of Kirkpatrick & Lackland, the railroad depot, the general store of Fisk brothers and several other buildings and residences.

Inheritance Tax Is Valid.

Salt Lake, Utah, July 2.—The state supreme court, in an opinion written by Chief Justice Buskin, holds the inheritance tax law passed by the legislature of 1902 to be constitutional.

Athlete Turns Preacher.

New York, July 2.—H. R. Reiter, Princeton's famous halfback, will preach on Sundays during the summer at Ocean Grove, N. J., and on week days will act as a guard.

Danderine GREW THIS HAIR.**Mrs. ANNIE C. SHEEHAN, Weir City, Kansas.**

You must remember that falling hair and hair are signs of decay, or a diseased condition of the scalp, and you must not delay treatment. To do so simply means more loss of hair, and a greater difficulty in scalp, and hair to help. The best thing to do is to treat it in the start. Danderine works wonders in all such cases. It will quickly regenerate the toothed tissues, and make your hair grow more beautiful than it ever was. Now at all drugstores, the salves.

It Was Almost a Miracle.

Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Flibridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings, instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Electris Oil. At any drug store.

All the healing balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

ALLISON WRITES TARIFF PLANK**CUMMINS HEADS STATE TICKET**

Governor Is Renominated by Acclamation After the "Shelter to Monopoly" Feature is Eliminated From Platform—Still Stands by His Views.

Governor A. B. Cummins of Des Moines Lieutenant Governor John Carroll of Stuart Supreme Judge Charles A. Hough of Des Moines Ia. State superintendent David J. Palmer of Washington State superintendent F. J. Riggs of Sigourney

Governor, Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha, Denver, and Chicago, 4:05 pm; 10:30 pm

Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Omaha, Denver, and Chicago, 4:05 pm; 10:30 pm

Beloit, Rockford, and Madison, 4:05 pm; 10:30

BLUE BOOK IS A
NOTABLE VOLUME

State Summary Contains Three Hun-
dred Pages More Than
is Usual.

About 500 copies of the blue book are being sent out each day from the office of the commissioner of statistics in which it was compiled this year for the first time. Some 10,000 of the 40,000 to be printed have so far been sent out. The book this year is much larger than its predecessors, including 1,164 pages with the index, some 300 more than usual. The book has hitherto been compiled by the secretary of state, usually under a contract. Pages 112 to 229 are an entirely new feature, being census statistics on population, agriculture and manufactures. There are also full election statistics and receipts and expenses of departments since 1897. The book is a notable piece of work, prepared in the complete and accurate manner for which Commissioner Erickson is famous and was done without extra help by his department. Each legislator gets 250 copies to distribute.

TODAY'S CHICAGO MARKET

From the Hadden, Rodeo Co., 204
Jackman Block, Janesville.

C. L. Culler Resident Manager.

Open. High. Low. Close

WHEAT—
July..... 76 14 76 15 76 14 76 14
Sept..... 75 14 75 15 74 13 74 14

CORN—
July..... 49 1/2 49 1/2 49 1/2 49 1/2
Sept..... 49 1/2 50 1/2 49 1/2 49 1/2

OATS—
July..... 39 1/2 39 1/2 39 1/2 39 1/2
Sept..... 38 1/2 38 1/2 38 1/2 38 1/2

FLAX—
July..... 15 35 15 20 15 35 15 20
Sept..... 15 35 15 20 15 35 15 20

LARD—
July..... 8 07 8 17 8 03 8 17
Sept..... 8 05 8 15 8 22 8 40

RIBS—
July..... 8 10 8 02 8 65 8 60
Sept..... 8 05 8 10 8 22 8 03

CHICAGO CAR LOT RECEIPTS
Today. Contract. Est. Tomorrow

Wheat..... 25 25

Corn..... 45 45

Sept..... 187 190

NORTH-WEST RECEIPTS (Wheat).

Today Last Week Year Ago

Minneapolis..... 185 185 245

Duluth..... 42 53 71

Chicago..... 112 11 46

Live Stock Market

RECEIPTS TODAY.

Hogs. Cattle. Sheep

Chicago..... 17,000 5,000 10,000

Kansas City..... 10,000 3,000 10,000

Omaha..... 11,000 2,900 10,000

Market

Hogs. Cattle. Sheep

U. S. Yards Open.

Market..... 5,706,55 95 5,706,55 95

Stocks..... 5,806,55 95 5,806,55 95

Live hogs..... 5,706,55 95 5,706,55 95

Lamb..... 5,70,46 00 5,70,46 00

Bulk of sale.....

U. S. Yards Open: Hogs open 10 higher 5000

1st. over yesterday; rec'ts hogs year ago, 31,000

U. S. Yards Close: Hog rec'ts 18,000; tomorrow

18,000; left over 2,000; market 3 higher

Cattle

Foar to medium 4 25/4 20 Halvers..... 25/4 25

Stockers & F... 2 75/4 20 Canners..... 25/4 25

Cows..... 2 75/4 45 Bulls..... 25/4 25

Calves..... 2 50/4 00 GtfoPsteers 90/4 50

J.M. BOSTWICK
& SONS.Important Outer
Wrap Sale.

We are bent on closing out every **Silk Coat**, long and short, silk or wool **Capes**, taffeta, velour and pean de soie **Jackets**, wool **Jackets** and **Blouses**, and silk or wool garments for **Misses** and **Children**.

A Grand Assortment.

You will be astonished at the **littleness of the prices**. Beautiful garments, many of them at **less than half**. Such an opportunity was **never before offered**. You may say this is "newspaper talk" but you will change your tune when you see the rich, handsome creations that can be bought for **so little money**.

Everything for Women for dressy occasions, street wear or traveling

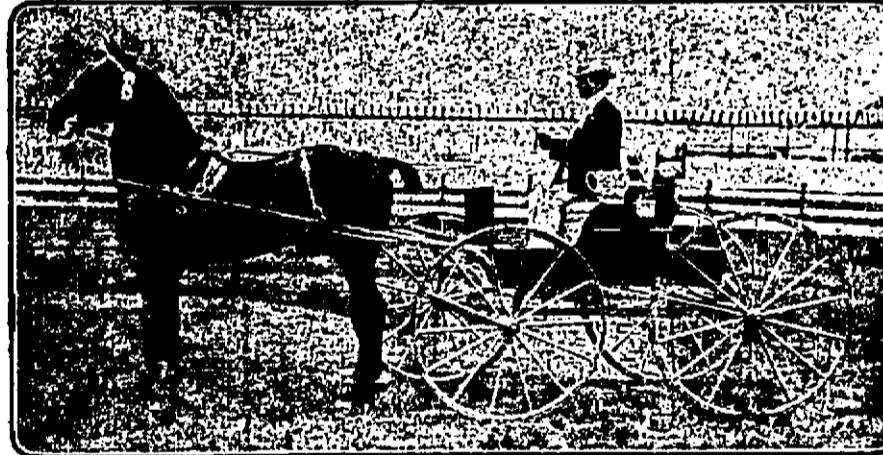
For **Misses** For **Children** — If the little tot or the growing girl needs a light wrap now is the time to buy it.

Many Surprises
Await You...

Remember
never lower.

It costs nothing to look. Again let us remind you that **prices for good outer wraps were**

Easily Proved.



Spend The Fourth
Riding In A...
... WISCONSIN ...
MADE VEHICLE.

NO greater pleasure this July 4th is in store for the public than to spend the day riding. Especially is this true when a WISCONSIN made Surrey, Buggy or Runabout is used. When buying a new vehicle it certainly pays to secure the best. Drive around to our factory and we will see what we can allow you on your old buggy, phaeton or surrey.

WISCONSIN CARRIAGE CO.,

Milwaukee and Marion St., Both Phones. Janesville

SPECIAL
TOMORROW Oxford Sale

At these CUT PRICES.
Every pair of Oxfords
in our store should be
closed out by July 4th.

West End of Bridge.

\$2.50.
Men's \$3.50 to \$5.00
Oxfords to go at \$3.98 to
\$4.00 to \$4.50 to \$5.00 to
\$1.98
Women's Patent Leather
Oxfords, 3 to \$4, to go at \$3.15 to
\$1.50 and \$3.00 oxfords
Ladies Hand Turned
\$2.50 and \$3.00 oxfords
\$1.50

Suits For
4th of July
\$9.95.

THE end of our great sale the most successful one in our history is at hand.

Many have availed themselves of the extraordinary offers and if you will come tomorrow we can fit you out for the Fourth at an actual saving from 25 to 50 per cent.

Men's Stylish
Spring Suits. :

made of choicest
worsteds, chevi-
ots and tweeds
and artistically
tailored, & equal
to custom work at more than dou-
ble the price. Our factory's entire
surplus stock all UNION MADE,
CHOICE, \$9.95.

Everthing for hot weather
at a saving of over 25
per cent.

Golden Eagle Clothing
House.

Store Open Friday Evening.

Plain Piano Talk

In purchasing a piano, quality should first be considered. When you buy a

Cable,
Kingsbury
OR
Schubert
Piano,

you reach the highest pitch of the Piano maker's art. Our pianos are warranted by a company backed by a two million dollar capital. Enough said. We also carry a large stock to select from, in all the choicest woods. Old Instruments taken in exchange at full value. Terms to suit purchaser.

W. H. Shnaekel Piano House
10 South Jackson Street.

Hot Spell
During July
That's The
Weather Prediction
Our line of
Men's 2-Piece
Summer suits

are reasonable in price and most comfortable in wearing qualities.

Remember that Saturday is a legal hol-
iday.

AMOS. REHBERG & CO.
Shoes & Clothing

Two Complete Department